

Primary User Emulation (PUE) Attack in Cognitive Radio Networks

Software Recommended: NetSim Standard v13.3, Visual Studio 2022

Project Download Link:

https://github.com/NetSim-TETCOS/Primary-User_Emulation-v13.3/archive/refs/heads/main.zip

Follow the instructions specified in the following link to download and setup the Project in NetSim:

<https://support.tetcos.com/en/support/solutions/articles/14000128666-downloading-and-setting-up-netsim-file-exchange-projects>

Introduction

Cognitive Radio (CR) is a promising technology that can alleviate the spectrum shortage problem by enabling unlicensed users equipped with CRs to coexist with incumbent users in licensed spectrum bands while causing no interference to incumbent communications. Spectrum sensing is one of the essential mechanisms of CRs and its operational aspects are being investigated actively. In a hostile environment, an attacker may modify the air interface of a CR to mimic a primary user signal's characteristic, thereby causing legitimate secondary users to erroneously identify the attacker as a primary user. We coin the term primary user emulation (PUE) attack to refer to this attack. There is a realistic possibility of PUE attacks since CRs are highly reconfigurable due to their software-based air interface.

We create a PUE attack by adding two incumbents in the scenario in NetSim. One of the incumbents represents a "real" primary user while the second represents a "Malicious" primary user.

Our next goal is to detect the PUE attack by the secondary users. For example, Purposes we have set the detection time as proportional to the distance of the secondary users from the malicious primary user.

Example

1. The **PUE_Attack_Workspace** comes with a sample network configuration that are already saved. To open this example, go to Your work in the Home screen of NetSim and click on the **PUE_Attack_Example** from the list of experiments.
2. The network scenario loads as shown below:

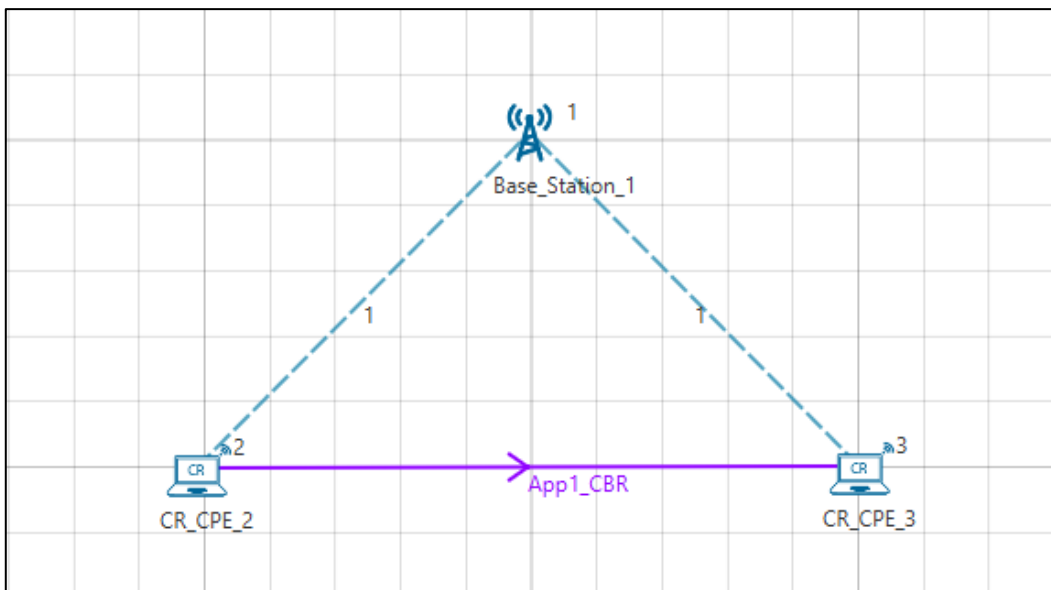


Figure 1: Network Topology

Settings done in example config file

- Set the following property for **CR-Base_Station_1** → **INTERFACE_1 (COGNITIVE_RADIO)** as shown in below given table.

Datalink_Layer_Properties Base_Station_1	
Incumbent count	2
Incumbent1(malicious)	
ON_Duration(s)	4
OFF_Duration(s)	10
Keep Distance(m)	500
Incumbent2 (Incumbent)	
ON_Duration(s)	9
OFF_Duration(s)	9
Keep Distance(m)	500
Physical_Layer_Properties Datalink Base_Station_1	
IFQP_Bitmap	1000000000000000

Table 1: CR Base Station 1 Properties

The timing diagram is as follows for **Incumbent1(malicious)** and **Incumbent2(Incumbent)**:

Malicious --- 0s to 10s (OFF), 10s to 14s (ON), 14s to 24s (OFF), 24s to 28s (ON) ... and so on
Incumbent --- 0s to 9 s (OFF), 9s to 18s (ON), 18s to 27s (OFF), 27s to 36s (ON) ... and so on

- Distance between the CR-CPE and Incumbent is < 500. This ensures that the incumbent is detected. If the incumbent is beyond the keep out distance, then it is not detected.
- Now run the simulation 50 Sec.

Results and discussion

You can see the delay in the **CR_Incumbent_log** file from the log files in the result dashboard Window.

The screenshot shows the Simulation Results dashboard with two tables:

Application_Metrics_Table							
Application_Metrics							
Application ID	Application Name	Packets Generated	Packets Received	Throughput (Mbps)	Delay (microsecond)	Jitter (microsecond)	
1	App1_CBR	37500	19760	0.307731	8033979.481322	3091.090464	

Link_Metrics_Table							
Link_Metrics							
Link ID	Link Throughput Plot	Packets Transmitt...		Packets Errored		Packets Collided	
		Data	Control	Data	Control	Data	Control
All	NA	45550	20446	0	0	0	0
1	NA	45550	20446	0	0	0	0

Log Files: CR_Incumbent_Log.csv

Figure 2: Network Topology

A file “CR_Incumbent_log” will be created in the log folder with the following contents:
 In the “CR_Incumbent_log.csv” file we can see secondary users CR-CPE 2 and CR-CPE 3 will detect the PUE attack by Incumbent1 which is the malicious user

CR-CPE ID	Time(Sec)	Incumbent	Device Type
2	9.129741	2	Legitimate PU
3	9.129751	2	Legitimate PU
2	24.049742	1	Malicious PU
3	24.049751	1	Malicious PU
2	38.129742	1	Malicious PU
3	38.129753	1	Malicious PU
2	45.009739	2	Legitimate PU
3	45.00975	2	Legitimate PU

Figure 3: CR_Incumbent_log.csv file created in Log Folder

This additional delay has been set by the following code,
 User modifications can be made in the **fn_NetSim_CR_CPE_SSF()** function of **SpectrumManager.c** as mentioned below.

Additional_delay = dDistance / 10;

(You can also change the values as 10/100/1000 and analyze different variation in delay)

```

290 double p = fn_NetSim_Utility_GenerateRandomNo(&DEVICE(nDevId)->utSeed[0],
291 &DEVICE(nDevId)->utSeed[1])/NETSIM_RAND_MAX;
292 if(p<(double)input->nMaxProbabilityOfFalseAlarm/100.0)
293 nFlag = 1;
294
295 for(nLoop=0;nLoop<input->nIncumbentCount;nLoop++)
296 {
297     if(input->pstruIncumbent[nLoop]->nIncumbentStatus == IncumbentStatus_OPERATIOA
298     {
299         dDistance = fn_NetSim_Utility_CalculateDistance(DEVICE_POSITION(nDevId),
300 if(dDistance <= input->pstruIncumbent[nLoop]->dKeepOutDistance)
301     {
302         //Incumbent detected
303         // // ***** PUE Attack project code start
304         // dDistance is the distance between CR CPE and incumbent and is got f
305         Additional_delay = dDistance / 10;
306         // we have randomly set 10 as the velocity of the signal based on whic
307         // the additional delay is got. If you increase this you will see a lo
308         // delay and vice versa
309         sprintf(s, "%s\\%s", pszIOLogPath, "CR_Detect.csv");
310         fp = fopen(s, "a");
311         Detection_time = pstruEventDetails->dEventTime + Additional_delay;
312
313         if (fp)
314         {
315             fprintf(fp, "%d,%f,%d,", nDevId, Detection_time / 1000000, nLoop +
316             if (nLoop == 0)
317                 fprintf(fp, "Malicious PU\n");
318             else
319                 fprintf(fp, "Legitimate PU\n");
320             fclose(fp);
321         }
322     }
  
```

Figure 4: NetSim Project Source Code

This is a simple implementation of creating and detecting a PUE Attack by making modifications to primary user detection in CR.